

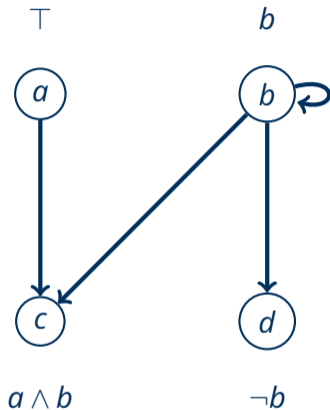
Stefan Ellmauthaler, Lukas Gerlach

Faculty of Computer Science, International Center for Computational Logic, Knowledge-Based Systems Group

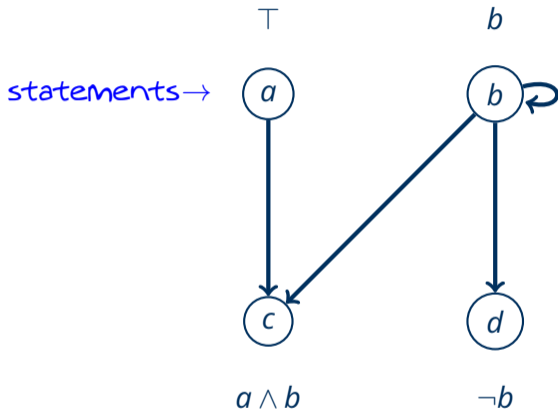
ADF-BDD.DEV: Debug Abstract Dialectical Frameworks with Binary Decision Diagrams

XLoKR 2023 // Rhodes, Greece, September 2, 2023

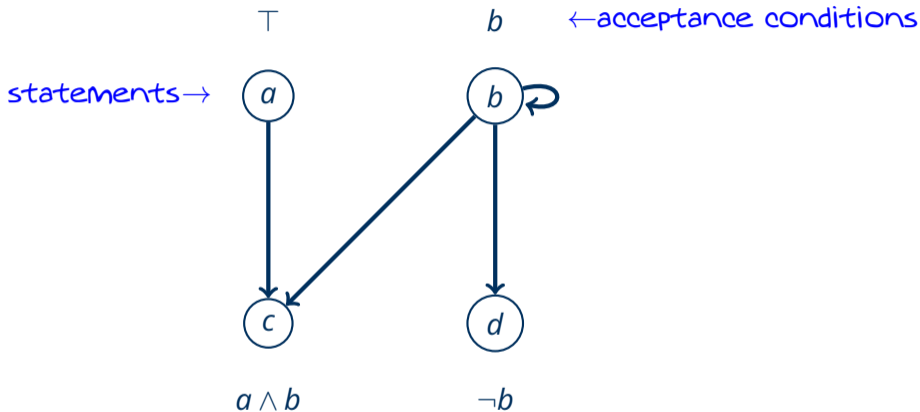
Abstract Dialectical Frameworks [BES⁺18]



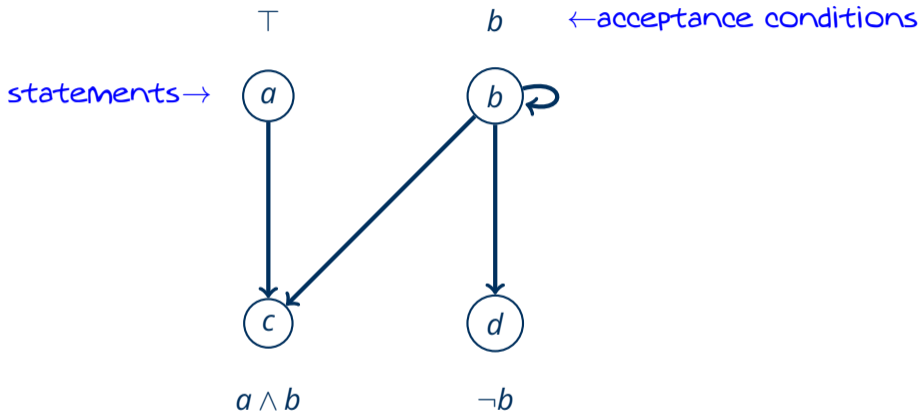
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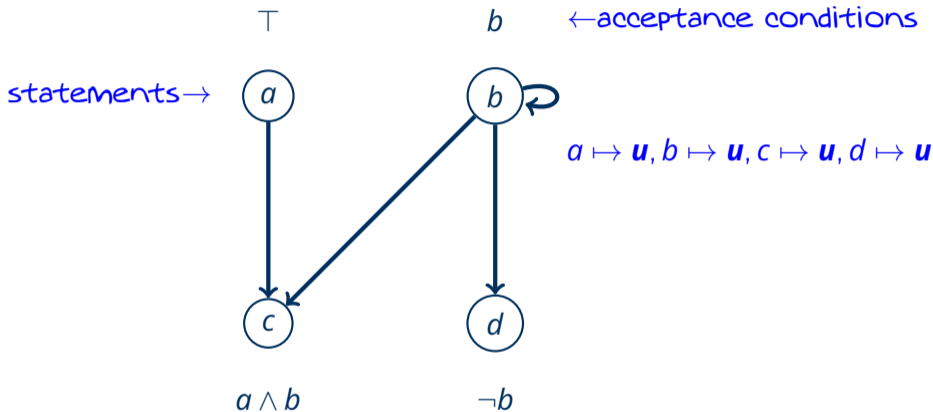


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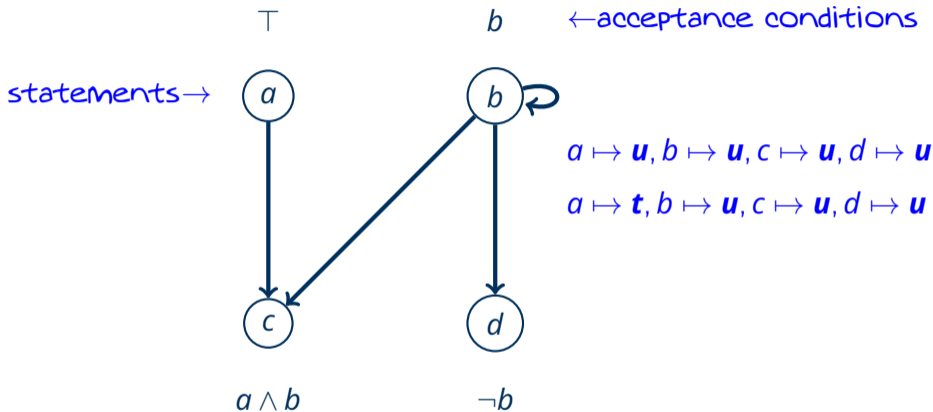
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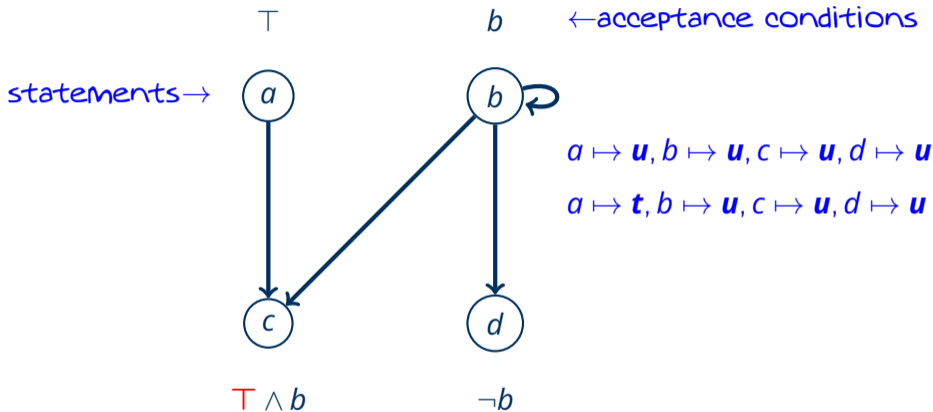
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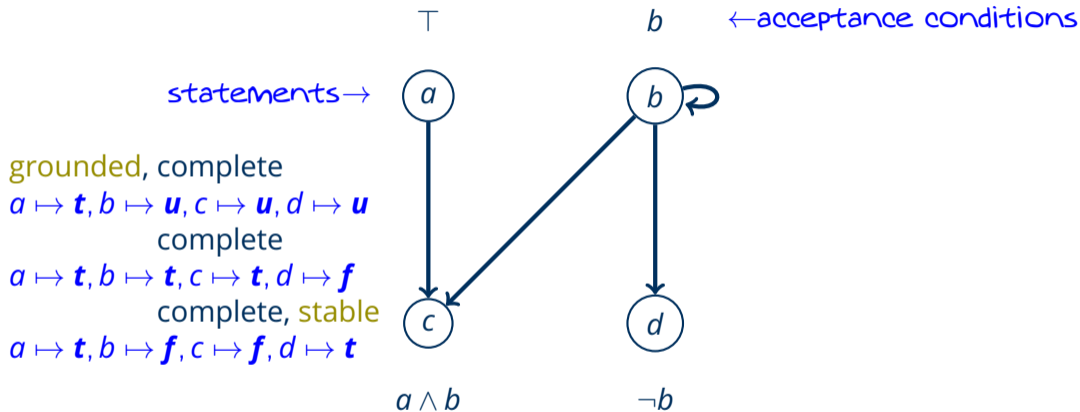
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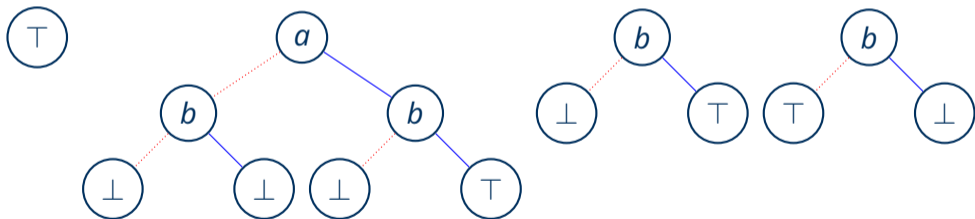
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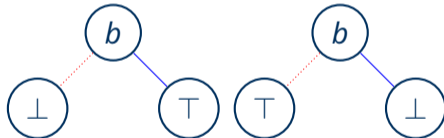
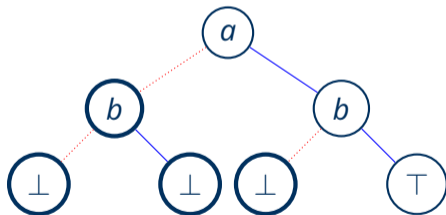
ordered Binary Decision Tree

- Tree: inner nodes are variables and leafs are truth constants \top and \perp
- Inner node has **lo** and **hi** child
- Every path from root to leaf needs to follow pre-defined strict ordering of variables



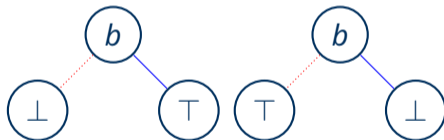
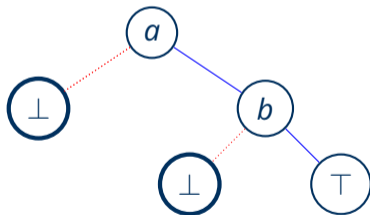
reduced ordered Binary Decision Diagram [Bry86]

- $lo(n) = hi(n)$, then replace n by $hi(n)$
- if $n = v$, then replace v by n globally (violate tree-property)
- Given a variable order, this representation is unique under logical equivalence of formulae



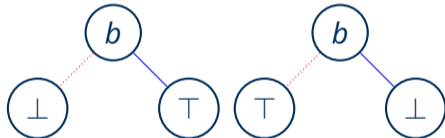
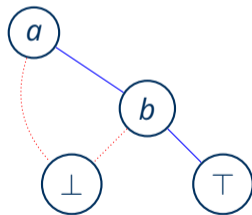
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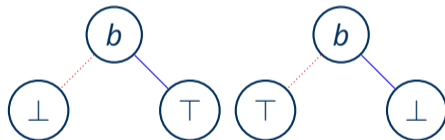
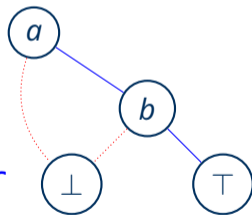
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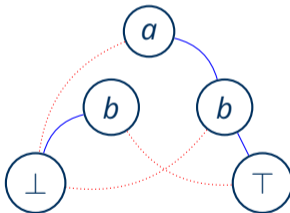


- Restriction linear

- Optimal variable order in NP
- Check for (un-)SAT and TAUT constant [DMO2]

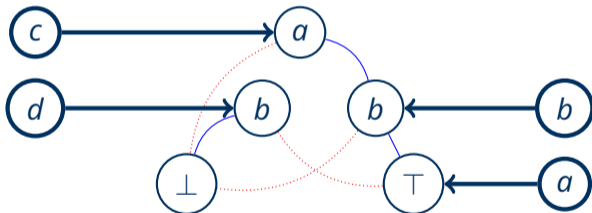
New idea: roBDDs to represent ADFs [EGRW22b]

- To each statement, one BDD is related as the acceptance condition
- More compact representation due to "merging" of nodes



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roBDDs to represent ADFs

Theorem

Given the BDD representation of an ADF D , the result of applying Γ_D to any three-valued interpretation \mathcal{I} can be computed in polynomial time.

Theorem

Given an ADF D in BDD representation, there is a polynomial algorithm that computes the grounded interpretation of D .

Corollary

Verifying whether a three-valued interpretation is a model or is stable in an ADF represented by BDDs is in P . Moreover credulous reasoning is in NP and sceptical reasoning in $coNP$.

ADF-BDD solver [EGRW22a]

- Written in Rust
- BDDs
 - own implementation
 - biodivine-bdd for faster instantiation
- Various BDD-modes (own, biodivine, hybrid)
- Grounded, complete, and stable semantics
- Github, Library, and Binary available
 - hub: <https://github.com/ellmau/adf-obdd>
 - lib: <https://crates.io/crates/adf-bdd>
 - bin: <https://crates.io/crates/adf-bdd-bin>

ADF-BDD.dev

- Web-application for adf-bdd
- Visualisation of results as BDDs
 - Parsed state
 - Every semantics model
- G6 graph visualisation library used [WBL⁺21]
 - Dage algorithm for graph representation
 - Ranks nodes into hierarchy
 - Minimises number of crossing edges
- Colour-coded BDD
 - Orange is lo
 - Blue is hi
 - Green labels are the roots for each statement

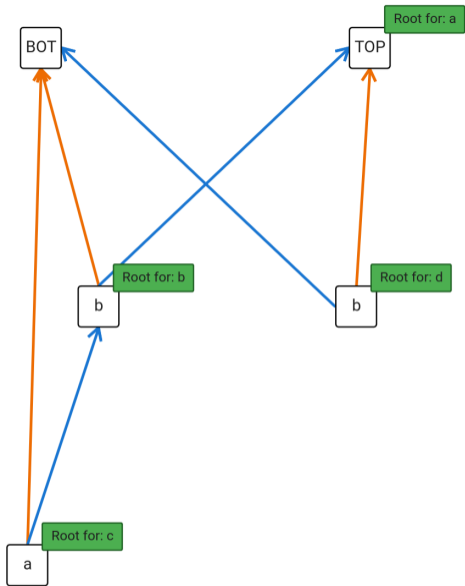
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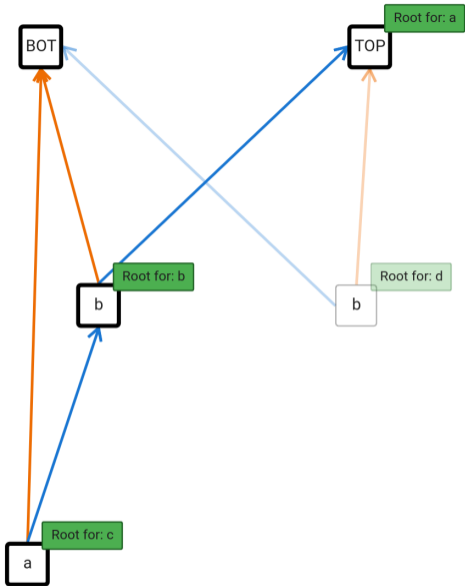
Visualisation Insights

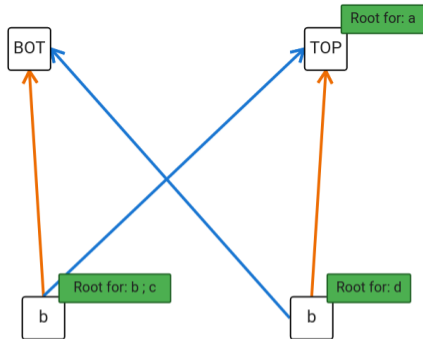
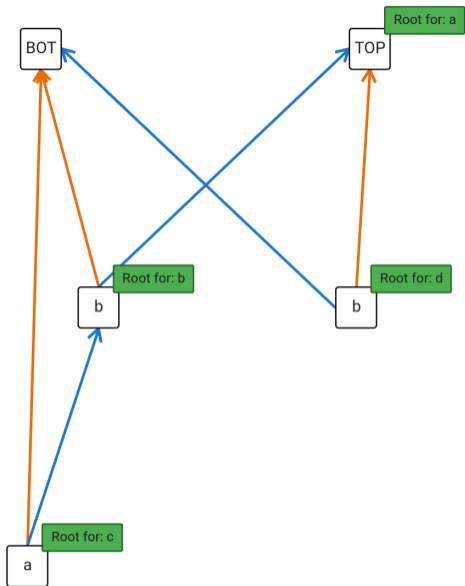
- t and f already decided by fixpoints
- Reason for each u is given by corresponding BDD
- Focus onto sub-diagrams
- No redundant links, only variables that have an impact

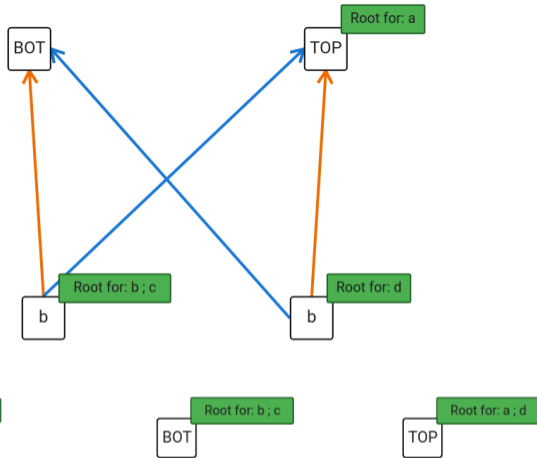
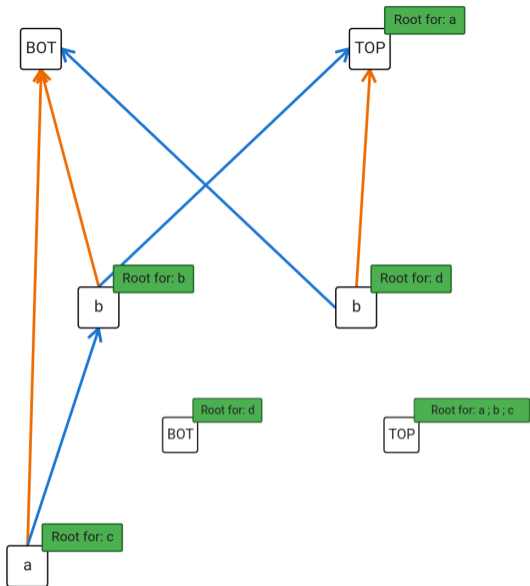
ADF-BDD.dev

Online presentation of ADF-BDD.dev or further slides









Future Work

- Direct editing of BDDs
 - ADF-Design
 - Enforcement
- Import and export of BDDs
- More assistance for non-familiar users
- More analysis options for experienced users

Thank you for your interest!

Visit ADF-BDD at

<https://adf-bdd.dev>

<https://ellmau.github.io/adf-obdd/>



Abstract Dialectical Frameworks

Definition (Abstract Dialectical Framework (ADF))

An ADF is a tuple $\langle S, C \rangle$, where

- S is a fixed finite set of statements and
- $C := \{\varphi_s\}_{s \in S}$ is a set acceptance conditions for statements, which corresponds to propositional formulae whose variable signature is S .

Abstract Dialectical Frameworks

Definition (Γ_D)

Let $D = \langle S, C \rangle$ be an ADF, $\mathcal{I} : S \mapsto \{\mathbf{t}, \mathbf{f}, \mathbf{u}\}$ be a three-valued interpretation, and $\Gamma_D(\mathcal{I}) : S \mapsto \{\mathbf{t}, \mathbf{f}, \mathbf{u}\}$ with

$$s = \begin{cases} \mathbf{t} & \text{if } \models \varphi_s(\mathcal{I}); \\ \mathbf{f} & \text{if } \varphi_s(\mathcal{I}) \models \perp; \\ \mathbf{u} & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Definition (Semantics)

\mathcal{I} is

- **complete** if $\mathcal{I} = \Gamma_D(\mathcal{I})$
- **grounded** if $\mathcal{I} = \text{lfp}(\Gamma_D)$

Abstract Dialectical Frameworks

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- **stable** if \mathcal{I} is two-valued, complete, and the for the grounded interpretation \mathcal{W} of $D^{\mathcal{I}}$ it holds that $\mathcal{I}(s) = \mathbf{t}$ implies $\mathcal{W}(s) = \mathbf{t}$

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Definition (Reduction)

Let $D = \langle S, C \rangle$ be an ADF, $\mathcal{I} : S \mapsto \{\mathbf{t}, \mathbf{f}\}$ be a two-valued interpretation. $D^{\mathcal{I}} = \langle S^{\mathcal{I}}, C^{\mathcal{I}} \rangle$, where

- $S^{\mathcal{I}} = \{s \in S \mid \mathcal{I}(s) = \mathbf{t}\}$
- $C^{\mathcal{I}} = \{\varphi_s[s' / \perp : \mathcal{I}(s') = \mathbf{f}]\}$

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